

In the United States Court of Federal Claims

OFFICE OF SPECIAL MASTERS

No. 21-1133V

UNPUBLISHED

ROMAN GELEVAN,

Petitioner,

v.

SECRETARY OF HEALTH AND
HUMAN SERVICES,

Respondent.

Chief Special Master Corcoran

Filed: April 15, 2022

Special Processing Unit (SPU);
Damages Decision Based on Proffer;
Influenza (Flu) Vaccine; Guillain-
Barre Syndrome (GBS)

John Robert Howie, Howie Law, PC, Dallas, TX, for Petitioner.

Kimberly Shubert Davey, U.S. Department of Justice, Washington, DC, for Respondent.

DECISION AWARDING DAMAGES¹

On March 29, 2021, Roman Gelevan filed a petition for compensation under the National Vaccine Injury Compensation Program, 42 U.S.C. §300aa-10, *et seq.*² (the “Vaccine Act”). Petitioner alleges that he suffered Guillain-Barre syndrome (“GBS”) as a result of an influenza vaccine administered on November 4, 2019. Petition at 1. The case was assigned to the Special Processing Unit of the Office of Special Masters.

On February 16, 2022, a ruling on entitlement was issued, finding Petitioner entitled to compensation for GBS. On April 11, 2022, Respondent filed a proffer on award of compensation (“Proffer”) indicating Petitioner should be awarded \$79,560.20 comprised of \$70,000.00 in actual pain and suffering and \$9,560.20 in past lost wages. Proffer at 1-2. In the Proffer, Respondent represented that Petitioner agrees with the

¹ Because this unpublished Decision contains a reasoned explanation for the action in this case, I am required to post it on the United States Court of Federal Claims' website in accordance with the E-Government Act of 2002. 44 U.S.C. § 3501 note (2012) (Federal Management and Promotion of Electronic Government Services). **This means the Decision will be available to anyone with access to the internet.** In accordance with Vaccine Rule 18(b), Petitioner has 14 days to identify and move to redact medical or other information, the disclosure of which would constitute an unwarranted invasion of privacy. If, upon review, I agree that the identified material fits within this definition, I will redact such material from public access.

² National Childhood Vaccine Injury Act of 1986, Pub. L. No. 99-660, 100 Stat. 3755. Hereinafter, for ease of citation, all section references to the Vaccine Act will be to the pertinent subparagraph of 42 U.S.C. § 300aa (2012).

proffered award. *Id.* Based on the record as a whole, I find that Petitioner is entitled to an award as stated in the Proffer.

Pursuant to the terms stated in the attached Proffer, **I award Petitioner a lump sum payment of \$79,560.20 (representing \$70,000.00 for actual pain and suffering and \$9,560.20 for lost wages) in the form of a check payable to Petitioner.** This amount represents compensation for all damages that would be available under Section 15(a).

The Clerk of Court is directed to enter judgment in accordance with this decision.³

IT IS SO ORDERED.

s/Brian H. Corcoran
Brian H. Corcoran
Chief Special Master

³ Pursuant to Vaccine Rule 11(a), entry of judgment can be expedited by the parties' joint filing of notice renouncing the right to seek review.

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ROMAN GELEVAN,)	
)	
Petitioner,)	
)	No. 21-1133V (ECF)
v.)	Chief Special Master Corcoran
)	
SECRETARY OF HEALTH)	
AND HUMAN SERVICES,)	
)	
Respondent.)	
)	

On March 29, 2021, Roman Gelevan (“petitioner”) filed a petition for compensation under the National Childhood Vaccine Injury Act of 1986, as amended (“the Vaccine Act” or “the Act”), 42 U.S.C. §§ 300aa-1 to -34. Petitioner alleges that he suffered Guillain-Barre syndrome (“GBS”) as a result of an influenza vaccine administered to him on November 4, 2019. Petition at 1. On February 15, 2022, the Secretary of Health and Human Services (“respondent”) filed a Rule 4(c) Report recommending that compensation be awarded. ECF No. 25. On February 16, 2022, the Chief Special Master issued a Ruling on Entitlement finding petitioner entitled to compensation. ECF No. 26.

Respondent proffers that petitioner should be awarded \$70,000.00 in actual pain and suffering. *See* 42 U.S.C. § 300aa-15(a)(4). Petitioner agrees.

B. Lost Wages

Evidence supplied by petitioner documents that he incurred past lost wages related to his vaccine-related injury. Respondent proffers that petitioner should be awarded past lost wages in the amount of \$9,560.20. *See* 42 U.S.C. § 300aa-15(a)(3)(A). Petitioner agrees.

These amounts represent all elements of compensation to which petitioner is entitled under 42 U.S.C. § 300aa-15(a). Petitioner agrees.

II. Form of the Award

Petitioner is a competent adult. Evidence of guardianship is not required in this case. Respondent recommends that the compensation provided to petitioner should be made through a lump sum payment as described below and requests that the Chief Special Master's decision and the Court's judgment award the following: a lump sum payment of \$79,560.20, representing compensation for actual pain and suffering (\$70,000.00) and lost wages (\$9,560.20) in the form of a check payable to petitioner, Roman Gelevan. Petitioner agrees.

III. Summary of Recommended Payments Following Judgment

Lump sum payable to petitioner, Roman Gelevan:	\$ 79,560.20
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Respectfully submitted,

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/s/ Kimberly S. Davey
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DATED: April 11, 2022